

WHAT SHALL BE DONE?

Populists Take Arms Against a Sea of Troubles.

A COUNCIL BEING HELD TODAY

To Determine What Shall be Done About All These Charges—The Penitentiary Case.

A Populist council of war is being held at the state house today. Judge Frank Foster and Judge M. R. Nicholson are in consultation with the state officers trying to find an easy way out of the many troubles which have been piling up on the administration during the last few days.

It is understood that this afternoon Governor Lewelling will address a letter to Asa Bunn, John W. Yarroll and the other kicking ex-penitentiary employees, in which he will say that while he does not believe there are sufficient grounds in the charges they have made to warrant him in ordering a legislative investigation, he has decided that in order to determine just what there is in the charges to order a preliminary investigation before the state executive council.

A legislative investigation is looked upon with disfavor at this time for the reason that Speaker George Douglass of the house of representatives would call as members of the investigation committee radical Republicans who would find the Populist appointees guilty if possible and Lieutenant Governor Percy Daniels in naming the senatorial members of the investigation committee would not use the same discretion that would have been expected of him if he had not been turned down by the Populist state convention. It is the fear of these two legislative officials that keeps the governor from ordering the investigation which is being so loudly demanded.

THE LAW AGAINST IT.

All This Talk of a Judgeship for Martin is Foolish.

The Washington dispatches every day tell about how hard Senator John Martin is trying to get the appointment to the new United States circuit judgeship which has been created in this, the eighth district.

According to the constitution of the United States Senator Martin is ineligible to this office.

Section 3, article 1 of the constitution of the United States says: "No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time."

This judgeship has been created during the present session of congress, which clearly precludes Senator Martin from the appointment, unless the senate should decide that he was never elected, or President Cleveland should hold the office open until after the fourth of March next, when Senator Martin's term as United States senator will expire.

In United States court circles it has, from the time the creation of this judgeship was first talked of, been considered that Judge Thayer of St. Louis was the man most likely to be appointed.

WOULD SEE MAJ. HUDSON.

Chairman Breidenbach Indignant At an Editorial in the Morning Paper.

Chairman John W. Breidenbach of the Populist state central committee, does not take kindly to the charge made editorially in the Capital yesterday morning that he is using money given up by the Topeka joints in conducting his campaign.

To a STATE JOURNAL reporter this morning he said: "I do not dislike the idea of going into a libel suit, I would sue J. K. Hudson for criminal libel for that editorial in his paper yesterday. He charges that I am using money from the joints and disreputable houses in conducting the campaign, which is a lie made out of whole cloth. 'The fact of the matter is, Joe Hudson has been so familiar with the way Republicans run their campaign, that he thinks all campaigns are run just alike. If I should sue him for libel, for ten dollars he could hire some fellow to swear he had paid me money, and that fellow's word would offset my word in the courts. That was the most villainous lie I ever saw printed.'"

THE ASYLUM AFFAIR.

Mr. Waite Adds to His Statement Presented to the Editor of the STATE JOURNAL.

SIR:—In order to do no one an injustice I desire to add to my statement and cover the ground more specifically. The Capital said:

"The Capital has it from the best of authority that Waite has long been the cause of much trouble in the board. One of his lady relatives was given a position at the asylum at Kansas City. She proved incompetent and was discharged by the authorities of the institution. Mr. Waite then took good care that she be given a position at the asylum here and she was appointed to the position, which is designated as the head of the laundry." I have not now and never have had a relative in either of the institutions mentioned, and have never asked for a place for any relative under this or any other administration. The lady referred to was a teacher in the institute for the blind in Kansas City, and bears testimonials of the highest character as to her qualification from several of the leading educators of the state. Her husband being employed at the Topeka insane asylum she preferred to be near him, and she sought for and secured employment in the same institution. After she had secured her place at Topeka she resigned her place at the blind school, as every member of the board well knew or would have known if they had been attending their business, which they were, with one exception.

Topeka, July 28, 1894.

Silver Leaf tomato catsup is anti-septic and should be used at your meals regularly. For sale by all leading grocers.

CHEAP EASTERN TICKETS.

To Washington, D. C., and Return for One Fare.

Tickets on sale August 24th and 25th at one fare for round trip via great Rock Island route.

815.00 Colorado and Return. Tickets on sale August 10th and 11th, to Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo, via the great Rock Island route.

NOT THEIR WAR.

Topeka Celestials Not Particularly Interested in the Oriental Difficulties.

It is really surprising what an amount of innocent ignorance the average Celestial displays about the affairs of the country he came from. At least it is so as regards the washee-washee man. He knows nothing beyond his work, his income and his pipe. The Mongolian has never been greatly known in this country as a leader in affairs either political or social. He is too steadfastly attentive to his own business for that.

There are only three of these interesting bits of humanity in Topeka and in view of the fact that there is now in process of evolution a war between Japan and Korea (which is a part of China and is under its protection), a JOURNAL reporter thought it would be funny to call on them and see what they had to say about it. It was.

Kwong Ling and his younger brother Long keep a little washee shop in the basement of 426 Kansas avenue. The reporter fell down the rickety stairs a few steps at a time and found Kwong alone. Kwong came from Yokohama, Japan, to this country less than four years ago. When the reporter dropped—that's the word—in on him he was sleepy and did not feel gossipy. If one night judge from the number of clothes he didn't wear he should have been cool. He was barefooted and had his legs drawn upon the chair he sat on. He evidently was not expecting that any of the girls would drop in soon. He was fanning himself—with as little effort as possible—and it seemed to the reporter that he had never seen a more indolent, comfortable looking being on earth or in the Cherokee strip.

"Hello," said the reporter by way of arousing his victim.

"Huh," was the rather discouraging reply. The scheme didn't work. Kwong had not moved a muscle. But the reporter went on to be bluffed.

"What do you think of the war between China and Japan?"

The fan stopped moving slowly. "Wat wah?"

"Haven't you heard of it?"

"Nuh." This was truly discouraging.

"Why, the king of Korea has been seized by the Japanese army."

This was the reporter's tramp card and he played it with a flourish. Kwong closed one eye and slowly opened it again.

"Want shirt washee?" he asked with some slight sign of animation. The reporter didn't and Kwong refused to be interviewed on any subject other than shirts.

He turned his attention to his fan and the reporter climbed back up the stair railing to the street.

Wah Lee is more interesting. He was at his laundry on East Seventh and was working industriously. He has been here seventeen of his thirty-four years, and is a genuine Chinaman. His body was full of activity and his mouth was full of water when the reporter found him.

His salutation was simply a nod and a grunt. The reporter explained that there was a war on, but Wah hadn't heard of it.

He was interested right away. "Le helle," he exclaimed, as he squirted the last batch of water from his spacious mouth onto and rolled it up—the shirt. "Wat fightee for?"

This was a stunner. The reporter didn't know, and he saw that he had fallen considerably in Wah's estimation because of his ignorance.

"Well, me no care diam, anyway. Me not in it," and Wah grinned complacently. "Me biet you two-week washee bill on Chiny."

The reporter hadn't any money to bet and few shirts to wash, and as further conversation only revealed the fact that Wah didn't even know there was such a place as Korea—Wah had simply school teacher Cora in San Francisco, but she no fight," said he—and didn't care anyway, he concluded to end the interview.

The only other Mongolian in town didn't talk American, and the reporter was glad of it.

IN RAILROAD CIRCLES.

Gossip Among the Railroad Men of Topeka and Along the Lines.

The Santa Fe was recently taken in by a swindler at Chicago. He got up an excursion for last Sunday, paid \$25 on the cost of a train, sold seven hundred tickets and then skipped out. The train was made ready, the 700 people were there but the balance of the money was not forthcoming so the company refused to move the train.

The Santa Fe employees at Arkansas City will be paid for their May work Monday.

The Newton Republican says that Brakenham C. W. Oliver of Newton, suspected of attempting the wrecking of a Santa Fe train at Kent several nights ago, has been arrested and will be tried on that charge.

Robert Dunlap of the Santa Fe law department is in Colorado recuperating.

All the Topeka railroads report the weather clear and warm along their lines.

Wilson Soule, who has been largely interested in western Kansas irrigation matters, died last night at his home in Rochester, New York.

Treasurer E. Wilder, of the Santa Fe, is in the east to be gone several days.

C. B. Newell, the Rock Island rain-maker, is at Maple Hill with his car. There is another car at Clay Center.

Claim Agent A. A. Graham of the Rock Island is sick enough to be home in bed.

John Frey, son of the Santa Fe general manager, will start east on a visit Monday.

E. T. Cartledge of the tax department of the Santa Fe has returned with his family from Chicago.

L. W. Lewis of Emporia, the Santa Fe contractor, has returned from the east and was in town yesterday.

O. McConnell of the Santa Fe tax department, returned from Denver today.

The Union Pacific passenger train due here at three o'clock yesterday afternoon was three hours late, because of the burning of a bridge near Wallace.

H. Monkhouse, the Rock Island superintendent of motive power, was in town yesterday on his way home from Indiana to Horton.

W. S. Waite.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Glick, 405 Tyler street, today, a boy.

Ayer's Ague cure is a vegetable preparation, and warranted to cure all malaria disorders.

Prescriptions filled promptly and accurately at Stansfield's drug store, 632 Kansas avenue.

A BATCH OF BUMS.

An Unusual Haul For Saturday in Police Court This Morning.

The police made a great haul at the city park last evening, and the court presented an unusually busy scene for Saturday morning.

R. L. Zellers was charged with removing a watch from the display at the Edmonds store yesterday. The only evidence in the case was that Zellers was there and left just before the watch was missed. His case was referred to the state.

Harry Green was charged with having destroyed the usefulness of too much white horse and disturbing the peace. Harry looked pretty well for a bum, and as he told a pretty straight yarn, the judge let him go.

Tom Murphy walked in next with a limp and a cane. Tom said the charge against him of drunk was unkind and without foundation. The police thought differently, though, and the judge thought that not only his leg was bad, as he declared, but his whole body was too, so he put him in a position to save travel for at least five days.

Frank Ladd and Will Myers were called together. Both were charged with having disturbed the peace, but as no disturbed peace could be found in their vicinity they were allowed to take themselves into the open air.

Ed Martin was another one of the city park gang that had had a ride in the city back but they couldn't prove that he had disturbed anybody's peace so the judge let him go.

Ed Wright is a colored man who has a job in a barber shop and a modest retiring forehead. Ed had been over to South Topeka last night to see his girl, Miss Carrie Harris, and made a party had already called. Ed's disposition is naturally a jealous one, and he could not feel that his rights had been tampered with. There was nothing to do but to enter a protest, and he did. He also entered police court this morning at Carrie's suggestion, under the charge of assault. Carrie's left eye is the best witness the prosecution has. She had others, but as they were not present, the case was continued until Monday morning.

Ed thought Saturday was too good a day to lose, so he gave bond and is out of jail.

The state was clean now and the court adjourned.

NORTH TOPEKA.

Items of Interest from the North Side of the River.

Mrs. W. M. Van Ness is reported seriously ill.

J. A. Lukens made a business trip to Kansas City today.

J. S. Cromwell goes to Kansas City this evening to spend Sunday.

Clem Lyon is home for a vacation and to recuperate his failing health.

An infant daughter has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Bingham.

A new lodge of the Knights and Ladies of Security was organized on this side this week.

Mrs. Olive Jester of Los Cerillos, N. M., visited Aunt Temple of the Pythian sisters last night.

Misses Grace and Eda Campdoras have returned from a visit to their sister, Mrs. Bert Root, at Kansas City.

The Ladies Aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. M. J. Heyden August 1st.

Frank Babcock brought in the first grapes of the season this morning. They are of the "Champion" variety.

Mrs. Mary Kirkbride and Mrs. J. A. Townsend of Kansas City, are visiting Mrs. Kirkbride's sister Mrs. D. C. Miner.

Frank Bean, who is in the employ of Parkhurst, Davis & Co., has gone to Independence, Kansas, for a three weeks' vacation.

Mrs. D. C. Hewitt went to Kansas City this morning in response to a telegram announcing a serious accident to her little grandson.

J. E. Van Laeys has returned from St. Marys, where he has been at the bedside of his brother, who was dangerously ill the fore part of the week.

The board of directors of the East Indianola district has selected the following teachers for this year: Mr. J. H. Stevens, principal; Miss Ellinger, for intermediate, and Miss Wear, for primary.

The work of repainting and decorating the Union Pacific offices and waiting room is completed. The work has been in charge of Mr. A. H. Wolfe, and is a credit to the company as well as the workmen.

Dawes Thomas, colored, returned from an extended trip through Oklahoma, last night, and says reports of damage to crops is greatly exaggerated and that there will be an abundance of everything down there.

The two-year-old son of T. M. James came near being seriously hurt yesterday while playing in the street. He attempted to cross the street in front of a car and was struck and knocked down. He was not badly hurt and recovered in a short time.

J. M. Campbell, a brother of Mrs. A. J. Arnold, arrived last night from Indiana to spend a few days with relatives, when he will join the party consisting of Ed Arnold, Ed Kennedy and Max Mosher of Texarkana, Texas, who go to Colorado next month for a big hunt. "Jim" Campbell, as he was always called, will be remembered by all the old settlers, as he was for a number of years in the drug store of A. J. Arnold & Co., during the early history of the establishment.

Go to Will Griffith's for the best tin, galvanized iron and pump work.

We have our first shipment of fine large celery direct from Michigan today. Goodman Bros., 841 Kansas ave.

Spring lamb, also the best quality of fresh meats in the market at reduced prices. Goodman Bros., 841 N. Kansas av.

Monarch gasoline stoves at Henry's.

Go to Henry's for roofing and spouting.

A full leather extension top survey for \$100, at Lukens Bros., North Topeka.

"Our New Delight" and all Dangler stoves at H. M. Cline.

For bargains in shingles see E. P. Ewart, Gordon and Kansas avenue.

Having purchased E. W. Whittier's interest in the firm, we are prepared to give the people of Topeka the best the market affords. WHITNEY & SON, 780 Kansas ave.

Keep in your memory when you are in need of drugs that Stansfield's stock is all new nothing old.

The Topeka Drug Co., in opera house.

Good work done by the Peerless.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

A Gigantic Undertaking Which Awaits Uncle Sam's Pleasure.

(Special Correspondence.)

NICARAGUA, July 20.—The canal here is waiting patiently for the people to put it through. The people are waiting impatiently for Uncle Sam's government to float the bonds, so that they may raise the money necessary for commencing operations. The malcontents, who are not engaged in the soothing task of misgoverning this delightful country, are also waiting impatiently for the first good chance to overturn the present misgovernment. It is a waiting game.

As I came up the river to Greytown at the harbor I noticed three or four dredging machines which are said to be the largest and finest in the world. They stood off near the right bank. Nobody was working at them. The rust is destroying a great deal of valuable machinery that was brought here to work in the cutting of the canal—in fact, \$1,500,000 worth.

The country through which one travels from ocean to ocean is rough and mountainous and in places grand and imposing. If I were a scenery writer, I might get in a few fine descriptive lines about the splendor of earth, air and cloud, rugged mountain and mighty ocean.

There are groves and groves of wild bananas and pineapple trees. If a fruit selling dago of New York were to see them, his heart would expand with joy. Parrots warble sweetly and seductively from every bough. The sugar cane grows luxuriantly and of its own accord—is indigenous to the soil, as the learned people put it. Nature has put sugar on the free list. The climate is healthy, but snakes, with bite of the deadliest, are everywhere. The country badly needs a St. Patrick.

Rio del Norte, or Greytown, as it is called at present, is a rather bustling sort of place. Its population is composed of Spaniards, those of Spanish descent, half breeds, Mosquito Indians, West Indian negroes and a big English and American contingent. Spanish and French are the languages most spoken.

Americans get on well here. Their pushing, help yourself ways stand them in good stead. Quite often they join the army, and before they are in it a month they are made generals. The main body of the army is made up of disreputable half breeds and negroes. Their outfit is a modest one, only costing 60 cents. They don't wear any shoes, which is a good thing for them when they are profiting by the wisdom contained in that old saw which says, "He that fights and runs away will live to fight another day."

This is perhaps the only country in the world where a wealthy man is at a disadvantage because of his wealth. It is dangerous to possess money or prop-

erty, for whenever there is a revolution—which there is about every time the moon changes—the people that get the upper hand confiscate it. The plutocrat, or would be plutocrat, has no earthly show. He is looked upon but as something good to eat. The only real privilege he has is that of being allowed to ripen before he is devoured.

The words law and order are shorn of their magic here. You may do almost anything but tackle the man that is too strong or the host that is too many. If you wish to enjoy the acquaintance of the active life of the country for any considerable time, it is well to keep a civil tongue, have your eye peeled and let up on doing the town after dark.

I don't suppose its population is much over 5,000. In general appearance it suggests part of the French quarter of New Orleans. The houses are grouped somewhat after the same old fashion and painted as fancifully. Guitars tinkle in the wineshops. In the distance the river shines. Beyond the river is the ocean, with its burden of ships.

Along the main street Mosquito Indians straggle, Spaniards and Frenchmen lounge and smoke, and Americans—if they have not been in the country long—bustle. Every one lives in expectancy of the time when the cutting of the projected canal will commence. Then things will boom, and money will be made. From the Atlantic to the Pacific, as the crow flies, it is only a distance of 43 miles, and in the middle of this is a lake 10 miles across. This would bring down the actual cutting to 32 miles. The real difficulty of the undertaking is to cut through and fix up the great sand bar on the Atlantic side.

The Mosquito Indian is more intelligent and better looking than the Indian of the United States. He is slightly but strongly built and ranges in weight all the way from 115 to 150 pounds. He is possessed of great endurance and will make 20 miles a day with a burden of 200 pounds for 10 consecutive days. They call the Indians that travel with burdens packers. They have taken the place of the mules who in former days used to carry the packs. Their women are quite comely.

There is much gold in the interior, and there are great forests of rubber trees, but provisions are so hard to get and so costly that it is next to impossible to develop either resource. Out there \$40 in gold is the price charged for 100 pounds of flour. Other necessities are proportionately dear. Unsol, the dollar of Nicaragua, is worth only 50 cents of United States money.

There is a great future in store for this country. When the bonds are floating and the canal is in process of cutting, things will boom and swing both long and merrily. BART KENNEDY.

IVORY SOAP
"IT FLOATS"
IS NOT LOST IN THE TUB.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CHICAGO.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."
GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

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G. KINLEY. T. F. LANNAN.

KINLEY & LANNAN, MANUFACTURERS OF

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Special orders and repairing promptly attended to.

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NO ADDITIONAL CHARGE FOR BOOKKEEPING AND PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH SHORTHAND COURSE.

Special attention to Grade Studies. L. H. STRICKLER, 521 and 523 Quincy St., Topeka, Kansas.

20 Writing Lessons \$2.00.

GRIGGS & AXTELL,

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UNDERTAKER,

401-403 KAS. AVE.

And 945 Kas. Ave., NORTH TOPEKA.

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Queens-ware on easy pay-ments. Phone 52.

18 and Walnut, Kansas City, Mo. Phone 354

Official statement of the financial condition of the

Bank of Topeka,

At Topeka, State of Kansas, at the close of business on the 15th day of July, 1894.

RESOURCES.

Demand loans.....\$ 60,000 00

Loans and discounts on personal and collateral security.....\$718,981 08

Loans on real estate.....\$2,074 70

Overdrafts.....1,405 41

Real estate.....\$12,529 91

Furniture and fixtures, charged off.....

Expense account.....619 84

United States bonds on hand.....1,500 00

Other stocks and bonds at their present cash market value.....\$2,947 46

Checks and other cash items.....\$2,535 35

Clearing house items.....\$2,832 50

Currency.....41,000 00

Gold coin.....\$15,000 00

Silver coin.....19,100 00

Fractional currency.....124 00

Due from other banks, sight exchange.....121,210 00

Total.....\$1,333,843 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....\$250,000 00

Surplus fund on hand.....100,000 00

Undivided profits.....